

No. 12/19/2014-BADP  
Government of India/Bharat Sarkar  
Ministry of Home Affairs/Grih Mantralaya  
Department of Border Management/Seema Prabandhan Vibhag

5<sup>th</sup> Floor, A-Wing NDCC-II Building,  
Jai Singh Marg, New Delhi-110001,

Dated: 29<sup>th</sup> Apr, 2014

To,

The District Magistrate/Deputy Commissioner,  
District-----  
State of Assam Assam  
(Name of the District)

*Dir (P)*  
*urgent*

*12/5*

Subject: The Border Area Development Programme (BADP) – followup action on revised Guidelines of BADP issued in February, 2014 regarding.

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of the revised Guidelines of the Border Area Development Programme (BADP) issued in February, 2014 with the approval of the Empowered Committee of the BADP in its meeting held on 30.1.2014 under the Chairmanship of Secretary, Border Management in the Ministry of Home Affairs.

2 Attention is invited to Paras 2.3, 3.3, 4.3m 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8, 9.2 and 10 of the revised Guidelines of BADP, which are reproduced as below:

“2.3 District Administration, first of all, will find out the resources and do the spatial mapping of the border block(s) covered under the BADP by taking into account the following and prepare block-wise plan accordingly:

- (i) The BADP funds will be utilized for undertaking developmental scheme in villages close to the ‘Zero’ line on the border on first priority.
- (ii) Border Guarding Forces shall draw a list of strategically prioritized villages in their respective areas and forward the same to the District Authorities, State Government and Ministry of Home Affairs. The Strategically border villages, as drawn by BGFs and endorsed by MHA, would be saturated first with respect to developmental activities such as road connectivity, electricity, drinking water supply, sanitation, health, agriculture & allied sectors, etc.
- (iii) After saturating the strategically prioritized villages other village will be taken up for development.

3.3 A baseline survey shall be carried out in border villages in order to assess the gaps in basic physical and social infrastructure. Preparation of a village-wise plan shall be ensured duly indicating the projects/funding through State Plan Schemes/the Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS)/Flagship Schemes of Government of India and the BADP. Such a plan shall also ensure the convergence of various Central/State schemes with the Border Area Development Programme (BADP).

4.3 There shall be a Committee headed by DM and comprised of District Forest Officer, District Planning Officer, Superintendent of Police of concerned District and Commandant or Deputy Commandant of the Border Guarding Force (BGFs) present in the area, which



would be responsible for planning and implementation of the BADP in the border block covered under the BADP guidelines;

4.4 The District Level Committee shall prepare village-wise plans through a Base Line Survey of the villages in the block. It will assess the gaps in the existing physical and social infrastructure sectors and work out the over arching sectoral priorities, within which the various department schemes will be selected in a systematic manner. E.g. if it is the school infrastructure in a particular village then the construction of the school building / additional class rooms, laboratories, toilets, school boundary wall, library/reading room, playground/sports infrastructure, computer room etc. should be included according to the need/gap.

4.5 District Level Committee shall ensure that there is no overlapping of the schemes taken up under BADP with that of other ongoing schemes of Central Government/State Plan and give certificate to the effect while submitting the Annual Action Plan to the State Government for onward transmission to Ministry of Home Affairs.

4.6 District Level Committee shall look into the convergence with on-going development programmes and schemes of different Ministries/Departments of Central/State Government and funds coming through various channels e.g. PMGSY, MNREGA, SSA, Water Supply Schemes, Health Schemes, Social Development Schemes, Rural Development Schemes, Panchayati Raj Schemes, skill development, and other schemes for the well being of the people.

4.7 District Level Committee shall have consultation with the local Member of Parliament, MLA, Members of PRIs, Autonomous Councils, community leaders and development agencies to know the felt-needs of the people and take final decisions keeping in view the people's priorities, and its own assessment for bridging the gaps in public infrastructure and services for selection of works within the overall sectoral priorities.

4.8 District Level Committee shall ensure that no schemes below the estimated cost of 5 lakh is included in the Annual Action Plan of the BADP.

7.1 To provide flexibility, schemes under the BADP can be executed by any of the following agencies:

- (i) State Government agencies such as PWD, PHE, Rural Development agencies, other line department agencies;
- (ii) Central Government agencies such as CPWD, Border Guarding Forces located in the border areas;
- (iii) Panchayati Raj Institutions/ Autonomous District Councils/Traditional Councils, other Local Bodies & Village Authorites/Councils

Due emphasis should be given to effective involvement of local population, voluntary agencies comprising of local NGOs/ Self Help Groups which are not receiving foreign aid/assistance may be engaged for executing schemes in order to inspire mutual trust and confidence between the Government and the border population.

9.2 District Level Committee shall take responsibility of monitoring of implementation of works under BADP as well as quality of works and submit a report on quarterly basis to State Government for onward transmission to Ministry of Home Affairs along with the photos of the works/schemes.

10. Utilization of Interest Earned on Deposits: - Interest accrued on deposits on BADP funds at any level shall be treated as additional resources under the BADP and would be



utilized on the works/projects drawn by the District Level Committee for the areas covered under the guidelines of the BADP in priority villages.

11. C & AG audit: State Government shall have the regular audit of works taken up under BADP carried out by C & AG and furnish the observations of C & AG on expenditure under the head BADP after completion of C & AG Audit to Ministry of Home Affairs."

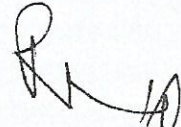
3. It is requested that District Administration may take immediate necessary action on the above provisions of the Guidelines of the Border Area Development Programme (BADP) and constitute District Level Committee for Planning, implementation and monitoring of BADP schemes in the border blocks included in the Annual Action Plans of BADP.

4. It is also requested that a list of strategically prioritized villages and priority schemes to be taken up in these villages under the BADP may be obtained from the Border Guarding Forces (BGFs) operating the border areas in the District so that these villages are saturated first with respect of developmental activities such as road connectivity, electricity, drinking water supply, sanitation, health, agriculture and allied sectors and other social infrastructure.

5. An early action is requested. This Ministry may please be apprised of the action taken in this regard. A list of the District Level Committee members along with their telephone numbers both office as well as mobile and e-mail address may please be forwarded immediately to this office by e-mail at e-mail address dirbml@nic.in.

Enclosed as above:

Yours faithfully,

  
(Rais Ahmad)  
Director,  
Government of India  
Tele: 23438131

✓  
Copy forwarded for information and necessary action to the Nodal Officer of BADP, Government of ~~Assam~~ <sup>Assam</sup> Pradesh. It is requested that District Magistrate may please be directed to constitute the District Level Committee for planning, implementation and monitoring of the BADP as has been prescribed in the revised Guidelines of the BADP at the earliest.



Ministry of Home Affairs  
Department of Border Management  
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Border Area Development Programme (BADP): Revised Guidelines  
(February, 2014)

1. Objective:

The main objective of the BADP is to meet the special developmental needs of the people living in remote and inaccessible areas situated near the international border and to saturate the border areas with the entire essential infrastructure through convergence of Central/State/ BADP/Local schemes and participatory approach.

2. Coverage:

2.1 The BADP will continue to be a 100% centrally funded programme. The BADP would cover 362 border blocks, which are located along the international border and come under 96 border districts of 17 States viz Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Punjab, Rajasthan, Sikkim, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand and West Bengal. Funds will be allocated to the States on the basis of (i) length of international border (ii) population of border blocks and (iii) area of border blocks with these criteria having equal weightage. Besides, 15% weightage will be given to hilly, desert and Rann of Kutchh areas on account of difficult terrain, scarcity of resources, higher cost of construction etc.

2.2 The border block will be the spatial unit within which the State Government shall arrange to utilize the BADP funds only in those villages of the blocks, which are located 'within 0-10 km' from the international border. Those villages, which are located nearer to the international border will get first priority. After saturating these villages with basic infrastructure, the next set of villages located within 0-15 km and 0-20 km need to be taken up. If the first village in a block is located at a far away location from the international border, the first village/hamlet in the block may be taken as "0" km distance village for drawing the priority list.

2.3 District Administration, first of all, will find out the resources and do the spatial mapping of the border block(s) covered under the BADP by taking into account the following and prepare block-wise plan accordingly:



- (i) The BADP funds will be utilized for undertaking developmental scheme in villages close to the 'Zero' line on the border on first priority.
- (ii) Border Guarding Forces shall draw a list of strategically prioritized villages in their respective areas and forward the same to the District Authorities, State Government and Ministry of Home Affairs. The Strategically border villages, as drawn by BGFs and endorsed by MHA, would be saturated first with respect to developmental activities such as road connectivity, electricity, drinking water supply, sanitation, health, agriculture & allied sectors, etc.
- (iii) After saturating the strategically prioritized villages other village will be taken up for development.

### 3. Guiding principles:

3.1 BADP funds shall ordinarily be used for meeting the critical gaps and to meet the immediate needs of the border population. Planning and implementation of BADP schemes should be on participatory and decentralized basis thorough the Panchayati Raj Institutions/Autonomous Councils/Other Local Bodies/Councils.

3.2 The State Governments may consider creating/nominating a Nodal Department/Cell within the existing administrative arrangement for implementation of the Border Area Development Programme (BADP). The Nodal Department dealing with the BADP in the State shall hold individual meetings with line departments of the States such as Power, Rural Development, Electricity, Roads & Buildings, Water Supply, Social Welfare, Public Distribution, Civil Supplies etc. in order to ensure the implementation of the respective State/Central schemes in the identified border blocks. Utilization of funds under the Centrally Sponsored Schemes/Flagship Schemes of Govt. of India and the State plan schemes to the maximum possible extent in the border blocks should be ensured. To avail funds under the various Centrally Sponsored Scheme/flagship programmes of Government of India and for relaxation in guidelines, if any, the State Departments concerned may forward suitable proposals to the Ministries/ Departments of Government of India concerned with a copy thereof to the Department of Border Management, MHA for information.

3.3 A baseline survey shall be carried out in border villages in order to assess the gaps in basic physical and social infrastructure. Preparation of a village-wise plan shall be ensured duly indicating the projects/funding through State Plan Schemes/the Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS)/Flagship Schemes of Government of India and the BADP. Such a plan shall also ensure the



convergence of various Central/State schemes with the Border Area Development Programme (BADP).

4. Selection of schemes:

4.1 An illustrative list of schemes, which can be taken up under BADP, is at Annexure-I. A List of schemes not permissible under BADP is at Annexure-II. Schemes can also be suggested by Border Guarding Forces (BGFs) concerned and expenditure on the same shall not exceed 10% of the annual allocation made to the State. A list of permissible and non-permissible security related schemes is at Annexure-III.

4.2 State Governments, may keep a provision not exceeding 15% of the allocation made to the State for the maintenance of assets created under the BADP subject to the condition that such expenditure can be made only after three (3) years from the date of issue of completion certificate in respect of the asset. The State Governments can reserve 1.5% (one and half percent) of the allocation made to the State subject to a maximum of Rs. 40 lakh for the purpose of monitoring, training of staff at block level and for the evaluation of the BADP, administrative expenditure for preparing the perspective plans, if any, survey, logistic support (excluding purchase of vehicles), media publicity etc. The process of completion of formalities, if any, such as forest, environment and other local clearances, availability of land etc. should be planned in advance, while recommending various projects under the BADP

4.3 There shall be a Committee headed by DM and comprised of District Forest Officer, District Planning Officer, Superintendent of Police of concerned District and Commandant or Deputy Commandant of the Border Guarding Force (BGFs) present in the area, which would be responsible for planning and implementation of the BADP in the border block covered under the BADP guidelines;

4.4 The District Level Committee shall prepare village-wise plans through a Base Line Survey of the villages in the block. It will assess the gaps in the existing physical and social infrastructure sectors and work out the over arching sectoral priorities, within which the various department schemes will be selected in a systematic manner. E.g. if it is the school infrastructure in a particular village then the construction of the school building / additional class rooms, laboratories, toilets, school boundary wall, library/reading room, playground/sports infrastructure, computer room etc. should be included according to the need/gap.



4.5 District Level Committee shall ensure that there is no overlapping of the schemes taken up under BADP with that of other ongoing schemes of Central Government/State Plan and give certificate to the effect while submitting the Annual Action Plan to the State Government for onward transmission to Ministry of Home Affairs.

4.6 District Level Committee shall look into the convergence with on-going development programmes and schemes of different Ministries/Departments of Central/State Government and funds coming through various channels e.g. PMGSY, MNREGA, SSA, Water Supply Schemes, Health Schemes, Social Development Schemes, Rural Development Schemes, Panchayati Raj Schemes, skill development, and other schemes for the well being of the people.

4.7 District Level Committee shall have consultation with the local Member of Parliament, MLA, Members of PRIs, Autonomous Councils, community leaders and development agencies to know the felt-needs of the people and take final decisions keeping in view the people's priorities, and its own assessment for bridging the gaps in public infrastructure and services for selection of works within the overall sectoral priorities.

4.8 District Level Committee shall ensure that no schemes below the estimated cost of 5 lakh is included in the Annual Action Plan of the BADP.

5. Empowered Committee:

The policy matters such as the guidelines of BADP, the geographical areas within which the BADP is implemented; allocation of funds, modalities of execution of schemes etc. will be laid down by an Empowered Committee constituted under the Chairmanship of the Secretary (Border Management) in the Ministry of Home Affairs. The Composition and functions of the Empowered Committee is at Annexure-IV (a).

6. State Level Screening Committee:

6.1 Subject to such general/special directions as may be given by the Empowered Committee, schemes for each State will be approved by a State Level Screening Committee chaired by the Chief Secretary of the State. The Composition and functions of the State level Screening Committee (SLSC) is at Annexure-IV(b). The respective Border Guarding Force (BGF) shall nominate State-wise nodal officers for co-ordination with the States and such nodal officers shall be invited for the State Level Screening Committee meetings. The State Government will furnish the Annual Action Plan of BADP as approved by



the State Level Screening Committee (SLSC) to the Ministry of Home Affairs, Department of Border Management, Government of India, latest by the month of May every year as in the proforma given at Annexure-V, Annexure-V (a) and Annexure-V (b).

7. Flexibility in execution of programme:

7.1 To provide flexibility, schemes under the BADP can be executed by any of the following agencies:

- (i) State Government agencies such as PWD, PHE, Rural Development agencies, other line department agencies;
- (ii) Central Government agencies such as CPWD, Border Guarding Forces located in the border areas;
- (iii) Panchayati Raj Institutions/ Autonomous District Councils/Traditional Councils, other Local Bodies & Village Authorites/Councils

Due emphasis should be given to effective involvement of local population, voluntary agencies comprising of local NGOs/ Self Help Groups which are not receiving foreign aid/assistance may be engaged for executing schemes in order to inspire mutual trust and confidence between the Government and the border population.

8. Funds flow:

8.1 Before the commencement of the financial year, the Department of Border Management in the Ministry of Home Affairs would convey the quantum of funds allocated to the States during the next year under the BADP. The Annual Action Plan consisting of schemes, duly approved by State Level Screening Committee (SLSC) have to be forwarded to the Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs as in the proforma at Annexure-V for release of funds.

8.2 Funds will be released to States in two installments. Funding for the subsequent year will be based on confirmation of expenditure and receipt of approved list of schemes. The 1<sup>st</sup> installment of 90% of the allocation of the State, will be released to the State only after the receipt of Utilization Certificates (UCs) for the amount released in the previous years except the preceding year; If there is any shortfall in furnishing the UCs for the amount released during the previous years, except the preceding year, the same would be deducted at the time of release of the 1<sup>st</sup> installment. The 2<sup>nd</sup> installment of the remaining 10% of the allocation of the State will be released to the State



only after furnishing of UCs to the extent of not less than 50% of the amount released during the month of preceding year, and furnishing of Quarterly Progress Reports (Physical & Financial) up to the quarter ending September. (i.e. 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter of the financial year).

8.3 To the extent of submission of pending UCs pertaining to the previous years, deduction, if any, made in the release of 1<sup>st</sup> installment for non-submission of UCs will be made good at the time of release of 2<sup>nd</sup> installment. State Governments are required to have a separate budget head for the BADP. Funds should be released by the State Governments to the implementing agencies immediately upon receipt of the same from Government of India and as per the directions of Government of India, Ministry of Finance; parking of funds at any level is strictly prohibited.

#### 9. Monitoring and review:

9.1 State Governments shall develop an institutional system for inspection of the BADP schemes/projects and submit reports to the Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs. Each border block should be assigned to a high-ranking State Government Nodal Officer who should regularly visit the block and take responsibility for BADP schemes. A quarterly report should be sent to the Ministry of Home Affairs indicating the number of inspections conducted and highlighting the important achievements/lacunae pointed out in the reports of the inspecting officers. Third party inspection also needs to be commissioned by the States for an independent feedback on the quality of work and other relevant issues. An appropriate 'Social Audit System' should also be put in place by the State Governments.

9.2 District Level Committee shall take responsibility of monitoring of implementation of works under BADP as well as quality of works and submit a report on quarterly basis to State Government for onward transmission to Ministry of Home Affairs along with the photos of the works/schemes.

9.3 Quarterly progress reports should be submitted scheme-wise to the Department of Border Management latest by 15<sup>th</sup> day of closure of the quarter as in the Proforma at Annexure-VI. The year-wise consolidated utilization certificates should be sent in the prescribed proforma (GFR-19A) of the General Financial Rules within one month of the closure of the financial year as given at Annexure-VII. A display board may be kept at project sites indicating that the work is being done/has been completed under the BADP of Government of India.



9.4 State Governments shall develop an inventory of assets created under the BADP in border villages/hamlets, for analytical purposes etc.. Such details may be communicated to the Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs with a write-up on important schemes/projects (with photographs) implemented by the States. An appropriate "Management Information System (MIS)" will be developed in the Ministry of Home Affairs by treating villages as the basic unit. The MIS will be web enabled for regular up-date by the States.

10. Utilization of Interest Earned on Deposits: - Interest accrued on deposits on BADP funds at any level shall be treated as additional resources under the BADP and would be utilized on the works/projects drawn by the District Level Committee for the areas covered under the guidelines of the BADP in priority villages.

11. C & AG audit: State Government shall have the regular audit of works taken up under BADP carried out by C & AG and furnish the observations of C & AG on expenditure under the head BADP after completion of C & AG Audit to Ministry of Home Affairs.

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Illustrative List of Schemes/Projects permissible under the Border Area Development Programme.

The BADP funds shall ordinarily be used for meeting the critical gaps after utilizing funds under the various Central/State schemes and to meet the immediate needs of border population. A base line survey shall be carried out in border villages in order to assess the gap in basic physical and social infrastructure and convergence of various Central/State schemes with the BADP should be ensured.

Various schemes/projects that can be taken up under BADP sectors are as illustrated below:

1) Education:

- (i) Primary/Middle/Secondary/Higher secondary school buildings (including additional rooms)
- (ii) Development of play fields
- (iii) Construction of hostels/dormitories
- (iv) Public libraries and reading rooms

2) Health

- (i) Building infrastructure (PHC/CHC/SHC)
- (ii) Provision of medical equipments of basic/elementary Type. X-Ray, ECG machines, equipment for dental clinic, pathological labs. etc. can also be purchased.
- (iii) Setting up of mobile dispensaries/ambulances in rural areas by Govt./ Panchayati Raj Institutions including Tele medicine.

3) Agriculture and allied sectors

- (i) Animal Husbandry & Dairying
- (ii) Pisciculture
- (iii) Sericulture
- (iv) Poultry farming/Fishery/Pig/Goat/Sheep farming.
- (v) Farm forestry, horticulture/floriculture.
- (vi) Public drainage facilities.
- (vii) Construction of irrigation embankments, or lift irrigation or water table recharging facilities(including minor irrigation works).
- (viii) Water conservation programmes
- (ix) Soil conservation- protection of erosion-flood protection.
- (x) Social Forestry, JFM, parks, gardens in government and community lands or other surrendered lands including pasturing yards.
- (xi) Use of improved seeds, fertilizers and improved technology
- (xii) Veterinary aid Centres, artificial insemination Centres and breeding Centres.
- (xiii) Area specific approach keeping in view the economy of Scale - Backward-Forward integration.

4) Infrastructure

- (i) Construction and strengthening of approach roads, link roads (including culverts & bridges)
- (ii) Industries – Small Scale with local inputs viz handloom, handicraft, furniture making, tiny units, black smith works etc. and food processing industry



- (iii) Provisions of civic amenities like electricity, water, pathways, ropeways, foot bridges, hanging bridges, public toilets in slum areas and in SC/ST habitations and at tourist centers, bus stands etc.
- (iv) Development of infrastructure for weekly haats/bazaars and also for cultural activities etc. in border areas.
- (v) Construction of buildings for recognized District or State Sports Associations and for Cultural and Sport Activities or for hospitals (provision of multi-gym facilities in gymnastic centers, sports association, physical education training institutions, etc.)
- (vi) Construction of houses for officials engaged in education sector and health sector in remote border areas.
- (vii) Tourism/Sports/Adventure Sports Scheme – creation of world class infrastructure for tourism and sports in border block where ever feasible- like rock climbing, mountaineering, river rafting, forest trekking, skiing and safaris (car/bike race, camel safaris, yak riding, boating in Rann of Kutchh.
- (viii) Creation of new tourist centers.
- (ix) Construction of mini open stadium/ indoor stadium./auditoriums.
- (xiv) New & Renewable electricity- Bio gas/Biomass gasification, Solar & Wind energy and Mini Hydel Projects - systems/devices for community use and related activities.
- (xv) Drains/Gutters etc.

#### 5. Social Sector

- (i) Construction of community centers
- (ii) Construction of Anganwadis.
- (iii) Rural Sanitation blocks.
- (iv) Cultural Centres /Community Halls
- (v) Construction of common shelters for the old or Handicapped
- (vi) Capacity building programme by way of vocational studies & training for youth for self-employment and skill up gradation of artisans and weavers.

#### 6. Miscellaneous:

- i) Development of Model villages in border areas.
- ii) E-chaupals/ agrishops/ mobile media vans/ market yards.
- iii) Cluster approach wherever feasible.



List of the works which are not permissible under the Border Area Development Programme:

Creation of tangible assets should be given priority under the BADP. The smaller schemes, which are of direct benefit in nature to specific villages/individuals, need to be addressed by the State Governments under their own development initiatives.

The following schemes/projects/works are not permissible under the BADP.

1. Education:

- i) Buying of school dresses/ books.
- ii) Adult Education.
- iii) Books/Journals
- iv) TV/Dish antennas

2. Health:

- i) Health Awareness Programme.
- ii) Eye Camps.
- iii) RCH Programme
- iv) Blood banks
- v) Control of Malaria, Filariasis, Leprosy, AIDS etc.
- vi) First aid kit for midwives.

3. Agriculture and allied sectors.:

- i) Desilting of ponds in villages, towns and cities.

4. Infrastructure:

- i) Any schemes of individual benefit (such as roads to dera's and dhanies etc.)
- ii) Boundary walls and construction of cremation sheds in graveyards/samsan ghats.
- iii) Cleaning of cools/nalas/khalas.
- iv) Boundary/retaining walls of ponds.
- v) Construction of building for Offices of local bodies, patwarkhana, panchayatghar, BDOs, DCs, and residences for officials (except the official engaged in education and health sector) etc.
- vi) **Any type of earth work which can be undertaken under the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MNREGA).**



List of permissible and non-permissible items of works to be undertaken under BADP by the Border Guarding Forces:

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Following schemes of developmental nature can be recommended/implemented by the Border Guarding Forces under the Border Area Development Programme.

- (a) Raising infrastructure relating to drinking water supply, sanitation, electricity, etc.
- (b) Any other item relating to the benefit of the border population within the purview of the Guidelines of BADP.

However, approval of the State Level Screening Committee is a pre-requisite for implementing such schemes and it shall form part of the Annual Action Plan of BADP of the State. Such schemes recommended and implemented by the BGFs under the BADP and Armed Forces are open for the inspection by the District Level Committee, State/Central Government Officers concerned and also by the Third Party Inspection Agency appointed for the purpose by the State Government.

2. Following works/activities are not permissible for implementation by the BGFs under BADP:

- (a) Any type of Civic Action Programme for which funds are released by the Ministry of Home Affairs from other schemes/programmes such as purchase of medicines, eye camps etc.
- (b) Purchase of vehicles/night vision devices/other equipments etc.
- (c) Construction of barracks, machan, watch tower and other infrastructure inside the BOPs.



EMPOWERED COMMITTEE ON BORDER AREA DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (BADP):

The Empowered Committee of Border Area Development Programme (BADP) under the Chairmanship of the Secretary, Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India is constituted as under:

Composition:

- |       |   |                  |
|-------|---|------------------|
| 1.    | Secretary (BM), Department of Border Management-  | Chairman         |
| 2.    | Secretary, Department of Expenditure -  | Member           |
| 3.    | Adviser (MLP), Planning Commission -  | Member           |
| 4.    | Additional Secretary (BM), Deptt. of Border Management-   | Member           |
| 5.    | Additional/Special Secretary & F.A. (Home), MHA -   | Member           |
| 6-22  | Chief Secretaries of the 17 BADP States or their nominees (not below the rank of JS to GOI in their respective States). | Members          |
| 23.   | Joint Secretary (K), MHA-   | Member           |
| 24.   | Joint Secretary (NE), MHA-  | Member           |
| 25.   | Joint Secretary, Ministry of DONER-   | Member           |
| 26-29 | A representative each of BSF, ITBP, SSB & Assam Rifles (not below the rank of IG).                                      | Special Invitees |
| 30.   | Joint Secretary (BM), MHA-  | Member Secretary |

The Empowered Committee (EC) will be responsible for policy matters relating to the scope of the BADP such finalization/modification/relaxation of guidelines, prescription of geographical limits in the States concerned within which the BADP will be implemented, modalities of implementation, arriving at a formula for allocation of funds to States etc.. The Committee shall meet, at least, twice in a financial year and may co-opt such members, considered as necessary to facilitate its deliberation/decision making. In exigencies of situation/operational difficulties, the Chairman of the Empowered Committee is authorized to make State/area specific relaxation in the BADP guidelines.



**STATE LEVEL SCREENING COMMITTEE (SLSC) ON BADP:**

There shall be a State Level Screening Committee (SLSC) on Border Area Development Programme (BADP) under the Chairmanship of the Chief Secretary of the State, as indicated below:

Composition:

1.	<b>Chief Secretary-</b>	<b>Chairman</b>
2.	Secretary, Planning Department of the State-	Member
3.	Secretary, Department of Home of the State-	Member
4.	Secretary, Finance Department of the State-	Member
5.	Secretary, Rural Development Department of the State-	Member
6.	Secretaries concerned of the line Departments of the State implementing various Central/State Schemes in the border Blocks/Districts.	Member
7.	Representative of Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs (Department of Border Management)-	Member
8.	Representative of Planning Commission of India.-	Member
9.	Representative of Government of India, Ministry of DoNER (in case of North-Eastern States)-	Member
10.	District Magistrates of the Border Districts of the State	Members
11.	Nodal officer of the Border Guarding Force(s) deployed along the international border of the State.-	Member
12.	Secretary, Nodel Department of BADP in the State	Member Secretary

The State Level Screening Committee (SLSC) is mandated to finalize the list of Scheme for implementation under the BADP and to approve the Annual Action Plan (AAP) for submission to the Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs. The Chairman of the SLSC (viz. Chief Secretary) may co-opt members on the Screening Committee such members, considered as necessary to facilitate deliberation/ decision making in the SLSC.

The SLSC shall meet at least twice in a year. The first meeting may preferably be convened in February/March in order to finalize and approve the schemes recommended by the village committee/panchayat/blcok level committee etc. as stipulated in the guidelines for the following year. The Annual Action Plan (AAP) is required to be finalized in the first meeting and communicated to the Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India preferably by mid April.

The schemes/projects for a particular year once approved by the Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, as recommended in the Annual Action Plan (AAP) shall ordinarily be not changed. However, any change in the schemes will be considered in the Department of Border Management, Ministry of Home Affairs, only after it is recommended by the States (viz. the Chief Secretary) on account of operational difficulties/special circumstances.

The 2<sup>nd</sup> meeting of the SLSC may preferably be held in November/December to review the progress of schemes under the BADP, submission of Utilization Certificates (UCs) & Quarterly Progress Reports (QPRs) etc..

The process of completion of formalities, if any, such as forest, environment and other local clearances, availability of land etc. should be planned in advance, while recommending various projects under the BADP. The SLSC may take note of these aspects while finalizing the Annual Action Plan.



**Border Area Development Programme (BADP)**

ANNUAL ACTION PLAN OF BADP FOR THE YEAR \_\_\_\_\_

B. Name of the State: \_\_\_\_\_

C. Meeting of the SLSC held on: \_\_\_\_\_

No.	Name of the Sector and Schemes/Project	Location			Approved outlay of the scheme for current year	Target for completion of the scheme	Whether scheme is new	Whether scheme is on-going from the previous years		Funds required in the current year	Remarks
		District	Block	Village				Year of commencement	Funds already utilized (Year-wise)		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	A. EDUCATION										
1.	Primary/ School Building(Additional Rooms)										
2.	Middle School Building(Additional Rooms)										
3..	Secondary/Higher Secondary School Building (Additional Rooms)										



4.	Construction of Residential accommodation for Teachers and allied staff										
5.	Construction of hostels/dormitories										
6.	Development of play fields										
7.	Public Libraries and reading rooms										
	<b>B. HEALTH</b>										
8.	Provision of medical equipments of basic/elementary Type. X.Ray, ECG machines etc.										
9.	Provision of equipment for Dental Clinic										
10.	Building infrastructure for (PHC/CHC)										
11.	Setting up of mobile dispensaries in rural areas by Govt./Panchayat Raj Institutions including telemedicine.										
	<b>C. AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED SECTORS</b>										
12.	Animal Husbandry										
13.	Pisciculture										
14.	Sericulture										
15.	Poultry farming/Fishery/pig/Goat/										



	Sheep farming.										
16.	Farm forestry, horticulture, /floriculture										
17.	Desiling of ponds in villages, towns and cities.										
18.	Public drainage facilities.										
19.	Construction of irrigation embankments, or lift irrigation or water table recharging facilities										
20.	Minor irrigation works.										
21.	Soil conservation- protection of erosion-flood protection.										
22.	Water conservation programmes.										
23.	Social Forestry, JFM, parks , gardens in government and community lands or other surrendered lands including pasturing yards.										
24.	Use of improved seeds, fertilizers and improved technology										
25.	Veterinary aid Centres, artificial insemination Centres and breeding Centres										
26.	Area specific approach keeping in view the economy of Scale-Backward-Forward integration.										



	D. INFRASTRUCTURE										
27.	Construction and strengthening of approach roads, link roads (including culvers & bridges)										
28.	Industries-Handloom, tiny units, handicraft, furniture making, tiny units, black smith works etc. and food processing industry.										
29.	Provisions of civic amenities like electricity, water, pathways, ropeways, foot bridges, hanging bridges, public toilets etc. in slum areas in SC/ST habitations and at tourist centers, bus stands etc.										
30.	Development of infrastructure for weekly haats/bazaars and also for cultural activities etc. in border areas.										
31.	Construction of buildings for recognized district or State Sports Associations and for Cultural and Sport Activities or for hospitals(provision of multi-gym facilities in gymnastic centers, sports										



	association, physical education training institutions etc.										
32.	Construction of houses for officials engaged in education sector and health sector in remote border areas.										
33.	Tourism/Sports /Adventure Sports Scheme-creation world class infrastructure for tourism and sports in border block where ever feasible-like rock climbing, mountaineering, river rafting, forest trekking, skiing and safaris(car/bike race, camel safaris, yak riding, boating in Rann of Kutchch.										
34.	Creating of new tourist centers.										
35	Construction of mini open stadium/indoor stadium/auditoriums										
36	New & Renewable electricity- Bio gas/Biomass gasification, Solar & Wind energy- systems/devices for community use and related activities.										
37.	Drains/Gutters										



	<b>E. SOCIAL SECTOR</b>										
38	Construction of community centres										
39.	Rural Sanitation blocks										
40.	Cultural Centres/Community Halls										
41	Construction of common shelters for the old or Handicapped										
42.	Capacity building programme by way of vocational studies & training for youth for self employment and skill up gradation of artisans and weavers.										
	<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>										
43	Development of Model villages in border areas.										
44	E-chaupals /agrishops/mobile media vans/market yards.										
45	Cluster approach wherever feasible										



Ministry of Home Affairs  
Department of Border Management  
Border Area Development Programme

Annexure-V(a)

ANNUAL ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR:

Name of the State:

Meeting of the State Level Screening Committee (SLSC) held on: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the District: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the Block: \_\_\_\_\_

Scheme- wise Break up of Funds to be utilized in the border block:

Sl. No.	Name of the Scheme	Amount to be utilized in the Block	Remarks.
1.	<b>Out of State Resources</b> (Specify sectors in which funds will be utilized during the year.)		
	a. State-Plan		
	b. District Plan		
2.	<b>Flagship Scheme of Government of India</b> ( Specify the scheme-wise amount to be utilized in the block during the year)		
	<b>a) Bharat Nirman</b>		
	i) Prime Minister Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY)		
	ii) Indira Vikas Yojana (IVY)		
	iii) Accelerated Rural Water Supply (ARWS)		
	iv) Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme (AIBP)		
	v) Rural Telephony		
	vi) Rajiv Gandhi Gramin Vidyutikaran Yojana (RGGVY)		
	<b>Total Bharat Nirman</b>		
	<b>b) National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (NREGS)</b>		
	<b>c) Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM)</b>		
	<b>d) Total Sanitation Campaign (T&amp;C)</b>		
	<b>e) National Rural Health Mission (NHRM)</b>		
	<b>f) Sarva Siksha Abhiyan (SSA)</b>		
	<b>g) Mid-day meal Programme</b>		
	<b>h) Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS)</b>		
	<b>i) Backward Regions Grant Fund (BRGF)</b>		
3.	<b>Other Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS)</b> such as sports and tourism. (Specify the name of the scheme and amount to be utilized)		
4.	Any other source (such as loans etc.)		
5.	<b>Border Area Development Programme (BADP)</b>		



Ministry of Home Affairs  
Department of Border Management  
Border Area Development Programme  
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ANNUAL ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the State: \_\_\_\_\_

Meeting of the State Level Screening Committee (SLSC) held on: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the District: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the Block: \_\_\_\_\_

Sector-wise break of funds utilized under Border Area Development Programme (BADP) in the Annual Action Plan.

S. No.	Name of the Sector	Amount utilized.
	<b>i) Education</b> <b>ii) Health</b> <b>iii) Agriculture &amp; allied sector.</b> <b>iv) Infrastructure</b> (a) Roads. (b) Bridges/culverts (c) Buildings (d) Industry (e) Tourism (f) Sports (g) Others <b>v) Social Sector;</b> (a) Community centers (b) Cultural centers (c) Vocational studies/ training (d) Rural Sanitation (e) Drinking water. (f) Others <b>vi) Miscellaneous:</b> (a) Model villages (b) Mobile dispensary (c) Training of staff, monitoring and evaluation. (d) Maintenance of assets created under BADP. (e) Others <b>vii) Security Sectors.</b> (Schemes taken up by Border Guarding Forces (BGFs) and other security forces in above sectors may be shown separately sector-wise.)	







	hostels/dormitories											
6	Development of play fields											
7	Public Libraries and reading rooms											
	B. HEALTH											
8	Provision of medical equipments of basic/elementary Type. X.Ray, ECG machines etc.											
9	Provision of equipment for Dental Clinic											
10	Building infrastructure for (PHC/CHC)											
11	Setting up of mobile dispensaries in rural areas by Govt./Panchayat Raj Institutions including telemedicine.											
	C. AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED SECTORS											
12	Animal Husbandry											
13	Pisciculture											



[illegible]



24	Use of improved seeds, fertilizers and improved technology											
25	Veterinary aid Centres, artificial insemination Centres and breeding Centres											
26	Area specific approach keeping in view the economy of Scale-Backward-Forward integration.											
	D. INFRASTRUCTURE											
27	Construction and strengthening of approach roads, link roads (including culvers & bridges)											
28	Industries-Handloom, tiny units, handicraft, furniture making, tiny units, black smith works etc. and food processing industry.											



[illegible]



33	Tourism/Sports /Adventure Sports Scheme-creation world class infrastructure for tourism and sports in border block where ever feasible-like rock climbing, mountaineering, river rafting, forest trekking, skiing and safaris(car/bike race, camel safaris, yak riding, boating in Rann of Kutchch.											
34	Creating of new tourist centers.											
35	Construction of mini open stadium/indoor stadium/auditoriums											
36	New & Renewable electricity-Bio gas/Biomass gasification, Solar & Wind energy-systems/devices for community use and related activities.											
36.A	Drains/Gutters											
	E. SOCIAL SECTOR											
37	Construction of community centers											
38	Rural Sanitation blocks											
39	Cultural Centres/Community Halls											



[illegible]



## BORDER AREA DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME(BADP)

**D. Form GFR 19 A**

(See Government of India's Decision (1) below Rules (150))

**E. FORM OF UTILIZATION CERTIFICATES**

Sl.No.	Letter No. and date	Amount	
	(give number of letter of Government of India sanctioning the fund with date)	(give amount and year for which sanctioned)	Certified that out of Rs----- of grants-in-aids sanctioned during the year ----- in favour of ----- under Ministry/ Department letter No. given in the margin and Rs.-----on account of unspent balance of the previous year, a sum of Rs.-----has been utilized for the purpose of ----- for which it was sanctioned and that the balance of Rs.----- remaining unutilized at the end of the year has been surrendered to Government (vide No.-----dated-----) will be adjusted towards the grant-in-aid payable during the next year-----.
	TOTAL		

2. Certified that I have satisfied myself that the conditions on which the grants-in-aid was sanctioned have been duly fulfilled/are being fulfilled and that I have exercised the following checks to see that the money was actually utilized for the purpose for which it was sanctioned.

Kinds of Checks exercised:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Signature-----  
 Designation-----  
 Date-----